







FINAL LIST OF SUBGRANTEES

Innovation Hub on Artificial Intelligence for Sexual, Reproductive and Maternal Health in Africa

Grant No. 109804 – 001

December, 2022









STIs THEME

Appn ID	Country	Organization type	Track	Study Title	Research question	Intervention description	Duration
248	Nigeria	Established Organization over 5 years – mDoc Healthcare	Innovation	Harnessing the power of Artificial Intelligence to augment patients' knowledge, understanding and behaviours with Sexually Transmitted Infections	Can an AI-enabled chatbot for pregnant women and their partners increase STI care and measurably improve STI knowledge and care-seeking behaviour in pregnant women?	Chatbot based on mDoc. It will provide personalized guidance to pregnant women on STIs.	15 months
218	Ethiopia	Established Organization over 5 years - Addis Ababa Science and Technology University	Innovation	Sexually transmitted disease monitoring and assistance tool design in Ethiopian higher education institutes	How to construct predictive model for STDs? What are protective measures, symptoms and treatments for STDs? How can an anonymous chatbot with big data analytics can be designed for students?	Mathematical modelling to identify key variables that predict STDs among University students. Also a chatbot to disseminate information and help students freely get help.	18 months

MATERNAL HEALTH THEME

Appn ID	Country	Organization type	Track	Study Title	Research question	Intervention description	Duration
180	Uganda	Registered Masters or PhD student – Makerere University	Research	Prediction of miscarriages among women seeking antenatal care in Uganda: A machine learning approach.	Can machine learning algorithms predict women at risk of miscarriage using data collected during antenatal care?	Will build a classification machine learning algorithm that will predict the risk of miscarriage among women seeking antenatal care, while identifying the major factors that influence a pregnancy ending in a miscarriage. The algorithm will be deployed as a web application	18 months
241	Namibia	Startup organization younger than 5years - Pan African Information Communication Technology		Machine Learning for identifying teenage patients at risk of gestational hypertension	1	Will develop an ML model by comparing the prediction performance of nine classification models to identify teenage patients at risk of gestational hypertension. This project will (1) gather clinical datasets relating to teenage pregnancies from the Namibian context (2) train the dataset based on nine binary classification models (3) test and compare the prediction performance of the different models trained.	18 months
236	Uganda	Established Organization over 5 years – Makerere University	Research	A Machine Learning- aided Platform for Point-of-Care Pregnancy Risk Assessment from 2D Ultrasound	Our research question is can we develop and evaluate a machine learning-aided platform for automatic early detection of pregnancy risks and complications in underserved populations?	Develop a smart robust, and rapid screening solution for high-risk pregnancies utilizing a combination of US imaging modalities, and a computational platform backed by AI in the form of Deep Learning Models.	12 months

<u>HIV</u>

Appn ID	Country	Organization type	Track	Study Title	Research question	Intervention description	Duration
127	Uganda	Established Organization over 5 years – The Medical Concierge Group		Artificial Intelligence (AI) modelling to identify high-	What are the characteristics and market size segments of the population willing to pay for PrEP services in Uganda?	Will leverage ML and AI modeling to identify, quantify, analyze, and map highrisk populations that are eligible for PrEP and can pay for the services. Will use existing datasets.	18 months
190	Tanzania	Established Organization over 5 years - Muhimbili University of Health and Allied Sciences		Artificial intelligence for screening of TB among people living with HIV	Can access to screening of TB among PLHIV lower the mortality of HIV?	There is a need for development of affordable and accessible methods for screening of TB. The team has developed an AI algorithm for screening of TB by using chest X-ray. The algorithm was trained using publicly available dataset. Want to use the tool for screening of TB cases with a special focus on people living with HIV.	18 months

ADOLESCENT SRH

Appn ID	Country	Organization	Track	Study Title	Research question	Intervention description	Duration
		type					
138	Ghana	Established	Research	Utilizing AI to Promote	How can AI be used to	This seeks to utilize machine learning to break the	18
		Organization over		Sexual and	Promote Improved Sexual and	barriers inhibiting adolescents with hearing, speech	months
		5 years -		Reproductive Health	Reproductive Health	and visual disabilities from accessing SRH	
		University of		Outcomes for	Outcomes for Adolescents	information and services. A mixed-methods research	
		Ghana, Legon		Adolescents with	with Hearing, Speech and	design will be adopted to collect data from in-school	
				Disabilities in Ghana	Visual Disabilities in Ghana?	adolescents with hearing, speech and visual	
						disabilities, as well as key stakeholders.	
165	Kenya	Established	Research	BESHTE: A Chatbot to	How can a Chatbot enhance	A quasi-experimental research design to develop a	18
		Organization over		enhance HIV testing,	HIV testing, status awareness,	Chatbot. It will be used to increase HIV knowledge	months
		5 years –		status awareness, and	and status disclosure while	and HIV testing, while enhancing status awareness	
		University of		status disclosure	addressing discrimination, and	and status disclosure to sexual partners within the	
		Embu		among adolescent	stigmatization to reduce new	population group. It will also address discrimination	
				boys and girls and	HIV infections among	and HIV-related stigma toward adolescents and	
				young men and women	adolescents and young adults	young adults seeking testing and treatment.	
				in Kenya	in Kenya?		
255	Uganda	Registered	Research	Leveraging Artificial	Can artificial intelligence	Project will follow up young girls and adolescent	18
		Masters or PhD		Intelligence Techniques	techniques predict the	women aged 15-24 years using selected modern	months
		student -		To Inform Choice Of	likelihood of occurrence of	contraceptive methods and attending family	
		Mbarara		Modern Contraceptives	contraceptive side effects and	planning clinics for a period of 12 months. The data	
		University of		Among Adolescent	failure rate among adolescent	collected will be used to develop an AI model that	
		science and		Girls And Young	girls and young women aged	will predict likelihood of occurrence contraceptive	
		Technology		Women.	15-24 years?	side effects and contraceptive failure.	